

Problem

$$\min_{x \in \mathbb{R}^d} f(x)$$

$$x^{k+1} = x^k - \lambda_k \nabla f(x^k)$$

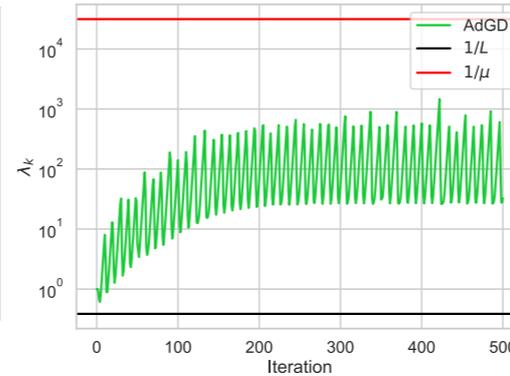
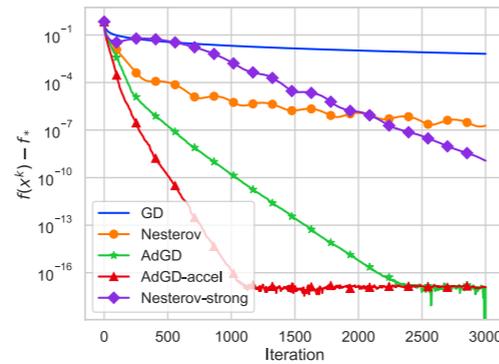
Our method

$$L_k = \frac{\|\nabla f(x^k) - \nabla f(x^{k-1})\|}{\|x^k - x^{k-1}\|}$$

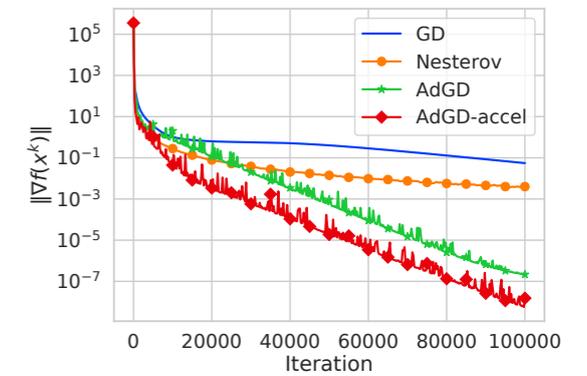
$$\lambda_k = \min \left\{ \sqrt{1 + \frac{\lambda_{k-1}}{\lambda_{k-2}}} \lambda_{k-1}, \frac{1}{2L_k} \right\}$$

$$\frac{1}{2L} \leq \lambda_k \leq \frac{1}{2\mu}$$

Logistic regression



Matrix factorization



Convergence

$$f(\hat{x}^k) - f(x^*) = \mathcal{O} \left(\frac{1}{\sum_{t=1}^k \lambda_t} \right) = \mathcal{O} \left(\frac{1}{k} \right)$$

SGD updates on ResNet-18

$$L_k = \frac{\|\nabla f_i(x^k) - \nabla f_i(x^{k-1})\|}{\|x^k - x^{k-1}\|}$$

$$\lambda_k = \min \left\{ \sqrt{1 + 0.02\theta_{k-1}} \lambda_{k-1}, \frac{1}{L_k} \right\}$$

$$x^{k+1} = x^k - \lambda_k \nabla f_i(x^k)$$

